# **Update on Conservation and Executive Order B-40-17**

Director
Office of Research, Planning, and Performance
May 18, 2017







### California's Drought



• 2015 - 4<sup>th</sup> dry year statewide

January 2015 – Driest in most areas



2014 - Warmest year on record

2012-2014 - Driest 3 years on record



2015 - Record Low Snowpack

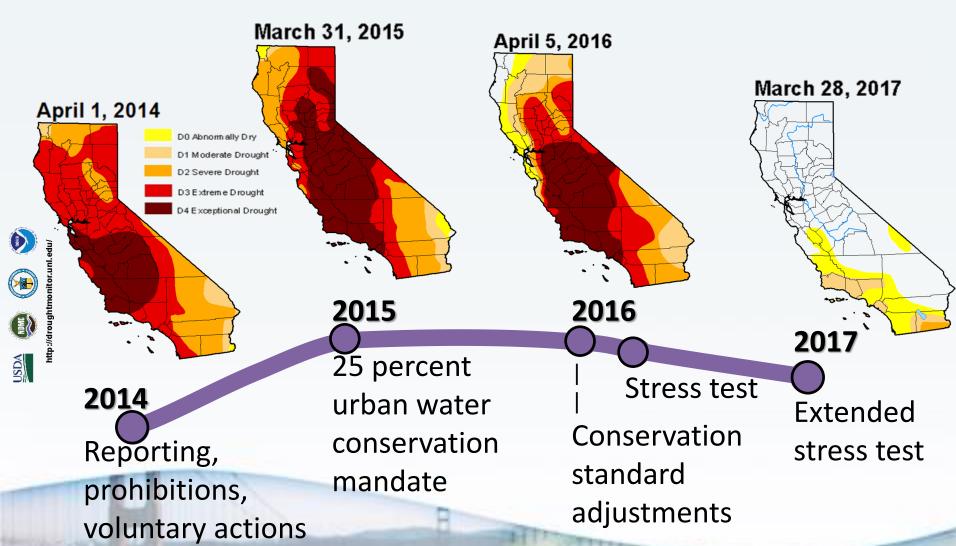
February 2016 – Warmest Feb in SoCal



Statewide storage - low

Groundwater basins in decline

## **Conservation Approach Evolved over Time**



#### **Emergency Regulation Components**

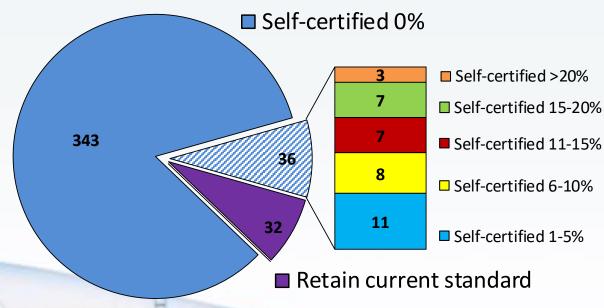
- Conservation standards for Urban Water Suppliers (2015-16); stress test June 2016-April 2017.
- 2. Prohibited water uses and other end-user requirements
- 3. Enforcement Provisions
- 4. Requirements for "self-supplied" Commercial, Industrial, and Institutional Users
- 5. Requirements for smaller suppliers
- 6. Reporting Requirements

# **May 2016 Emergency Regulation**

- Conservation standards based on supply reliability
  - "Stress test" under additional three years of drought

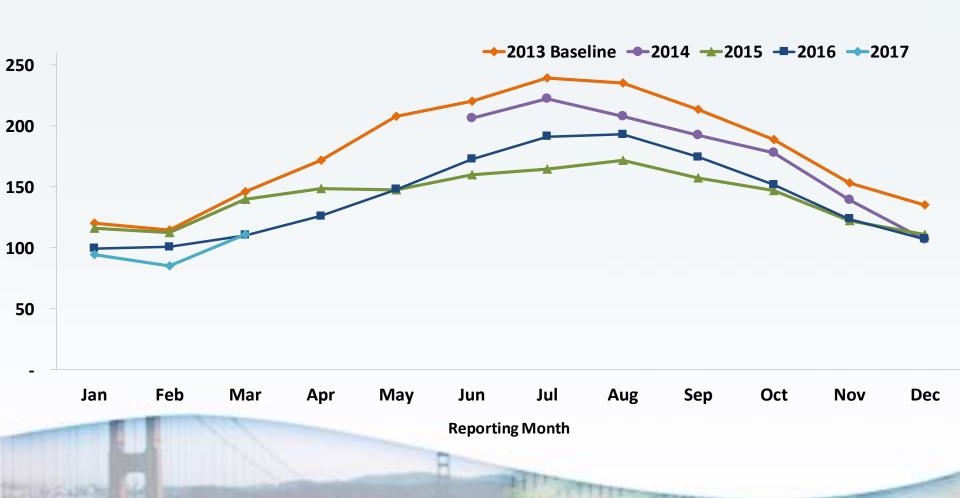
Option to maintain state-mandated conservation

standard



## Statewide Monthly Urban Water Production

(Billion gallons)

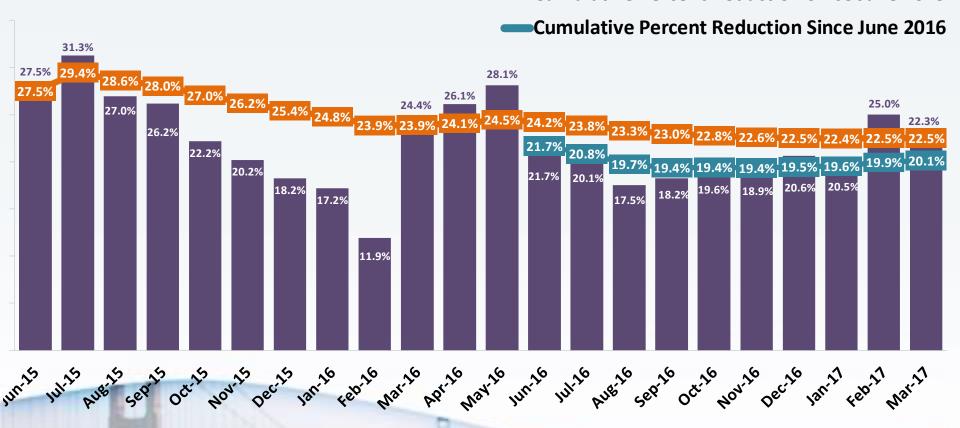


#### **Statewide Water Production Percent Reduction**

(Compared to 2013)



Cumulative Percent Reduction Since June 2015



**Average Statewide March 2017 R-GPCD = 67** 

**Statewide Cumulative Savings** 

(June 2015 - March 2017)

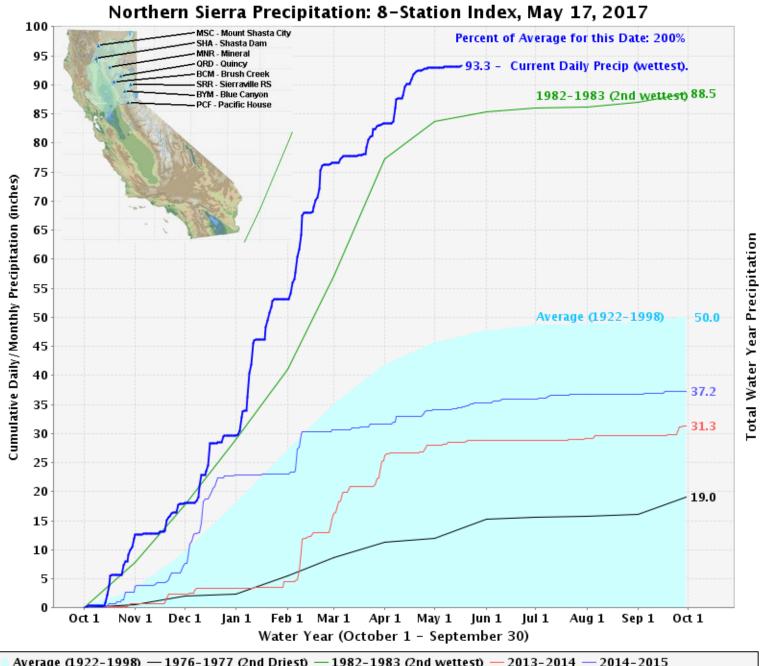
- 22.5 percent since June 2015: 2,695,205 acre-feet (878.2 billion gallons)
  - Enough to provide 34% of state
     population with water for one year











Average (1922-1998) — 1976-1977 (2nd Driest) — 1982-1983 (2nd wettest) — 2013-2014 — 2014-2015 — 2016-2017 (current and Wettest)

### Executive Order B-40-17

Issued on April 7<sup>th</sup>, 2017

Lifted drought emergency for all but four counties

 Transition to long-term framework (Conservation as a California Way of Life)

### **Drought Proclamation Lifted**

Governor issued Executive Order B-40-17 on April 7:

- End stress tests and mandatory conservation levels
- Maintain prohibitions against wasteful practices and monthly water use reporting
- Executive Director action on April 26
  - Prohibitions and reporting requirements effective through November
  - Long-term regulations under development

## Permanent Prohibitions & Reporting

- Irrigation that causes runoff into street
- Washing vehicle without shutoff nozzle
- Application of potable water to driveways, sidewalks, or in non-recirculating fountains
- Irrigation within the 48 hours after measurable precipitation
- Irrigating turf in medians
- Drinking water in restaurants, laundry in hotels
- Continue reporting monthly production

#### **Board Regulations: Timeline**

Regulation for permanent reporting



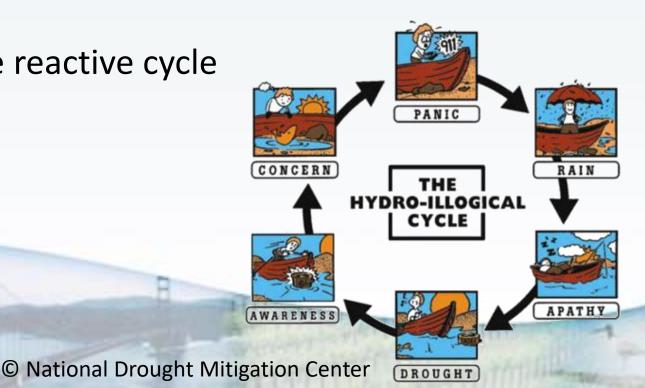
Regulation for permanent prohibitions



# Making Conservation a California Way of Life

- Governor's Executive Orders in 2015 and 2016
  - EO B-37-16 establishes long-term conservation goals and improves drought planning

Breaking the reactive cycle



# Framework Report

Required by Executive Order B-37-16

Final Report released April 7<sup>th</sup>, 2017



# Standards-based efficiency targets (Water Budgets) by 2025

Indoor water use (interim: 55 gpcd)

Outdoor water use (based on local evapotranspiration)

Water lost through leaks (SB 555 process)

 Commercial, Industrial, and Institutional (CII) best management practices

# **Framework Implementation**

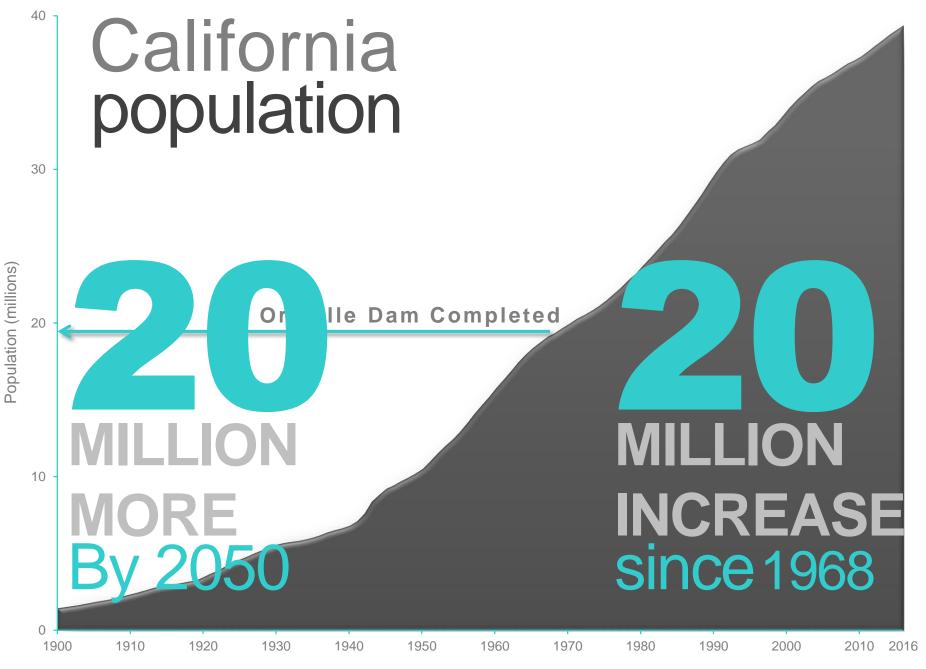
Interim standards

Refined standards adopted

Suppliers to calculate water targets

Final compliance

 $2018 \longrightarrow 2020 \longrightarrow 2021 \longrightarrow 2025$ 



#### Thank You!

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#### **Additional Information:**

DWR - <a href="http://www.water.ca.gov/wateruseefficiency/conservation/">http://www.water.ca.gov/wateruseefficiency/conservation/</a>

State Board -

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water\_issues/programs/conservation\_portal/