

Using Alternative Delivery to Modernize Montevina Water Treatment Plant



Acknowledgements

Facilities Plan

Todd Reynolds, Doug Henderson

Kennedy/Jenks

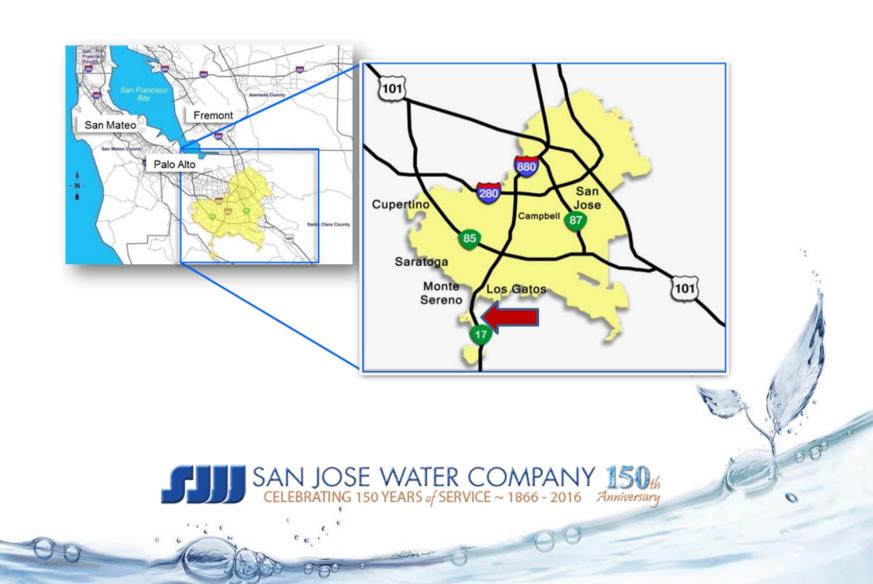
Progressive Design-Build

Larry Johnson, Karen Pappas





Project Location



Montevina WTP Background

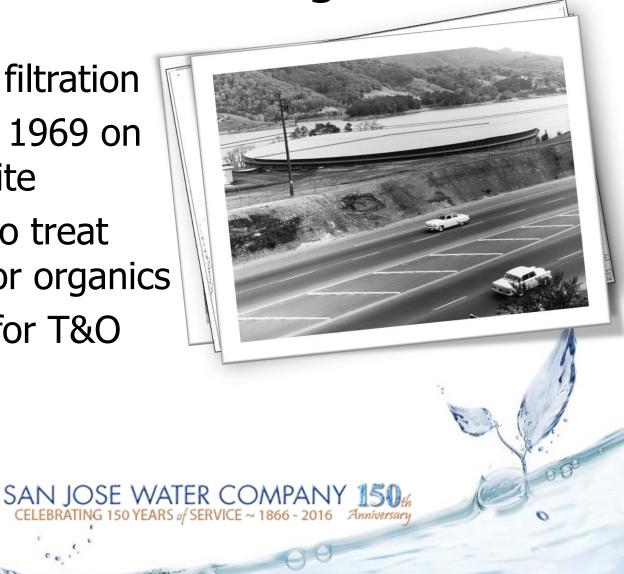
• 30 MGD direct filtration

 Constructed in 1969 on existing tank site

 Not designed to treat high turbidity or organics

No provisions for T&O removal

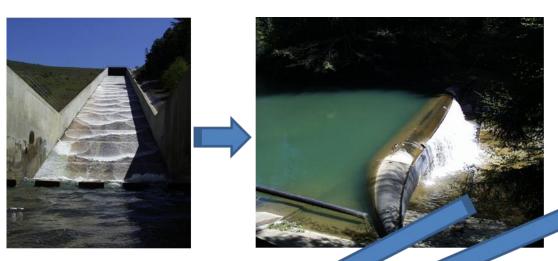
Aging facilities



Aging Facilities



Montevina Source Water













Project Objectives

- Reliably meet State and Federal SDWA
- Robust treatment to maximize production from local source (historic water rights)
- Cost effective treatment to reduce organics, DBPs, periodic T&O
- Update or replace aging facilities
- Use technology to leverage manpower







Process

- Conduct Facility Plan Study
- Pilot recommended treatment technologies
- Seek approval for cost recovery from CPUC
- Select project delivery method
- RFQ, RFP, Award
- Basis of Design Report
- Proof of Performance test
- Final design, construct and commission







Project Drivers

- Small plant site
- Need to maximize production during construction
- Compressed timeline (regulatory compliance)
- Build the plant we want
- Utilize assets that have remaining life
- Maximize value of project (water rights)



The small plant site was a driver for the treatment process and delivery method chosen



Facility Plan and Piloting

- Membrane alternative recommended
 - Lowest 30-year lifecycle cost
 - Reliably treat highly variable source water (+1BG/yr.)
 - Better suited to meet future regulations
 - Allows production during construction
 - Maximizes use of tight plant site
- Pilot testing on source water
 - Proved treatment capable of meeting objectives
 - Provided performance data for plant design



Pilot Plant at Ostwald Intake, Los Gatos Creek





Project Delivery Criteria

SJWC desired:

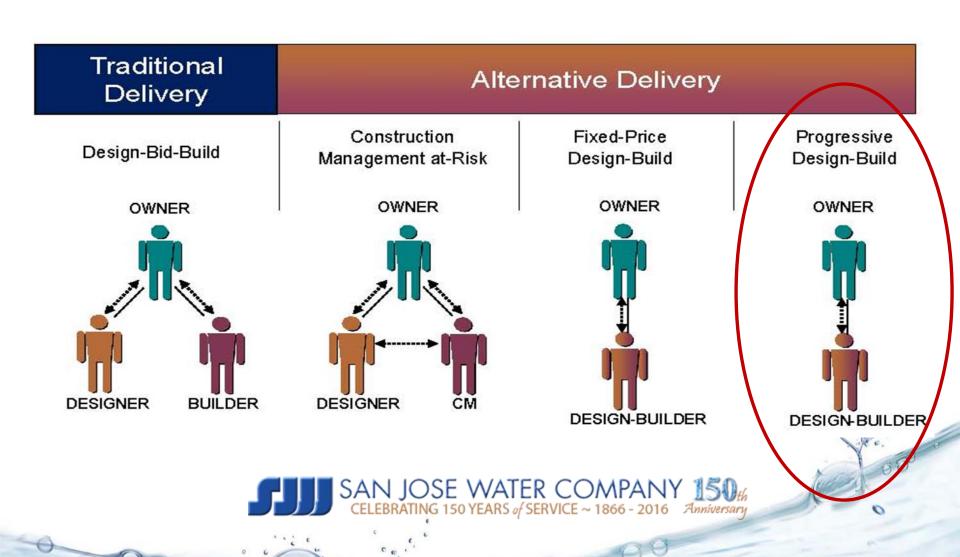
- High degree of design involvement
- Input on technology, equipment decisions
- Single point of project responsibility
- Compressed schedule

SJWC had:

- Fixed budget
- Small plant site



Several Methods Evaluated



What is PDB?

- DB firm selected on qualifications
- 2 phases, 2 contracts
 - Phase 1: Design services (to 60% and GMP)
 - Phase 2: Design-Build
- Off ramp at 60% design (if needed)
- Competitively bid construction, equipment
- Fair and reasonable risk share
- Owner involvement in design



PDB Benefits

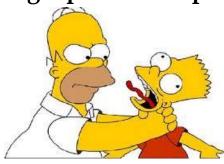
Schedule savings







Single point of responsibility



"one throat to choke"





Phase 1 Completed in 16 Months

January '14 March '14 Summer 2014 March '15 July '15

D-B Start Work Proof Complete Finalize Selection Selected 60% Design GMP Membrane





Proof of Performance Test

- Selected membranes tested on raw water
- Coagulation and settling strategies demonstrated
- Pilot site was ready for quick mobilization





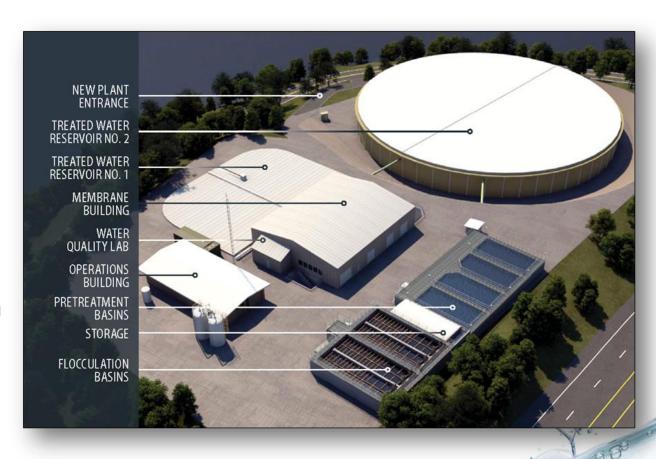
The Project

- BASF inge Dizzer UF Membranes 30 MGD
- Retain but reinforce hydraulic flocculation
- New membranes in former Off-Spec basin
- Operate old plant during construction
- 2 shutdowns (dry season)
- Convert old filters to plate clarifiers
- PAC, enhanced coag, turbidity to 300 NTU
- Automated sludge thickening, dewatering



PDB Led to Design Innovations

- Improved flash mixing & hydraulic flocculation
- Maximizing use of existing concrete structures
- Plant in operation during construction
- Robust membrane selection process
- Improved plant access





Phase 2 Will Continue Until May 2017

